A decorative illustration of a dark brown branch with several pink cherry blossoms and buds, extending from the top left corner towards the center of the slide.

Future Tense

Chapter 9

Cut Ita Erliana

198111022008122002

How do we use the Simple Future Tense?

1. No Plan

We use the simple future tense when there is no plan or decision to do something before we speak. We make the decision spontaneously at the time of speaking. Look at these examples:

- Hold on. I'll **get** a pen.
- We **will see** what we can do to help you.
- Maybe we'll **stay in** and **watch** television tonight.

How do we use the Simple Future Tense?

2. Prediction

We often use the simple future tense to make a prediction about the future. Again, there is no firm plan. We are saying **what we think will happen**. Here are some examples:

- It **will rain** tomorrow.
- People **won't go** to Jupiter before the 22nd century.
- Who do you think **will get** the job?

How do we use the Simple Future Tense?

3. Be

When the main verb is **be**, we can use the simple future tense even if we have a firm plan or decision before speaking. Examples:

- I'll **be** in London tomorrow.
- I'm going shopping. I **won't be** very long.
- **Will** you **be** at work tomorrow?

FUTURE INTENTIONS

Formula

Subject + (am, is, are)+ GOING TO + V + Object

For Example

My mother is going to cook food.

Negative

Subject + (is, am , are) + NOT + GOING TO + V + O

For Example

He is not going to play cricket.

Interrogative

(Is, am , are) + Subject + Going to + V + O ?

For Example

Is he going to become a cricketer ?



FORM Will

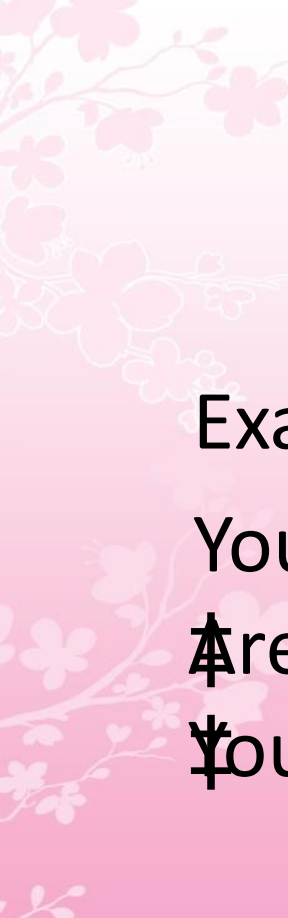
[will + verb]

- Examples:

You will help him later.

Will you help him later?

You will not help him later



FORM Be Going To

[am/is/are + going to + verb]

Examples:

You are going to meet Jane tonight.

☒ Are you going to meet Jane tonight?

☒ You are not going to meet Jane tonight

"Will" to Express a Voluntary Action

often suggests that a speaker will do something voluntarily, to respond to someone else's complaint or request for help

Examples:

☐ I will send you the information when I get it.

☐ Will you make dinner?

☐ I will not do your homework for you.

☐ I will make some sandwiches.

"Will" to Express a Promise

Will is usually used in promises.

Examples:

- I promise I will not tell him about the surprise party.
- Don't worry, I'll be careful.
- I won't tell anyone your secret

"Be going to"

to Express a Plan expresses the idea that a person intends to do something in the future.

Examples :

- We are going to meet at 6 PM.
- Michelle is going to begin medical school next year.
- They are going to drive all the way to Alaska.
- Sue is going to make John's birthday cake



"Will" or "Be Going to"
to Express a Prediction Express the idea of a general prediction about the future.

Examples :

- The movie "Harry Potter" will win several Academy Awards.
- The movie "Harry Potter" is going to win several academy award

A decorative graphic in the top-left corner of the slide, featuring pink cherry blossom branches with small flowers and leaves.

IMPORTANT

No Future in Time Clauses

Like all future forms, the Simple Future cannot be used in clauses beginning with time expressions such as: when, while, before, after, by the time, as soon as, if, unless, etc. Instead of Simple Future, Simple Present is used.

Examples:

- When you will arrive tonight, we will go out for dinner. (Not Correct)
- ☒ When you arrive tonight, we will go out for dinner. (Correct)

ACTIVE / PASSIVE

- John will finish the work by 5:00 PM. (Active)
- The work will be finished by 5:00 PM. (Passive)
- Sally is going to make a beautiful dinner tonight. (Active)
- A beautiful dinner is going to be made by Sally tonight. (Passive)

A decorative illustration of a pink cherry blossom branch with several flowers and buds, located on the left side of the slide.

The End

See You In The Next Chapter